THE PITTSBURG DISPATCH.

DISPATCH

JOHN BULL IN A FUNK

The Columbus Celebration Causes Him to Forget All His Politeness.

DEPEW'S GREAT ORATION

Doesn't Add to the Britisher's Peace of Mind a Little Bit.

THE CARMAUX STRIKE QUIETED

While M. Loubet Tries to Find Out Who Is to Flame for the Trouble.

LONDON'S UNEMPLOYED DEMAND WORK

IBY CABLE TO THE DISPATCH. London, Oct. 22.—[Copyright.]—Behold John Bull in a blue funk! He read last week about the glories of New York's Columbus celebration to-day. He has read Chauncey Depew's great speech at Chicago. Now, John Bull can be patronizingly appreciative and complimentary in his esti-mate of alien greatness only up to a certain point. As soon as he perceives that the achievements of others have transcended his own, his mood changes. This well-known trait in his character was never better exemplified than it has been to-day. His native and almost petulent comments upon the American rejoicings make the

most amusing exhibition of wounded vanity The feeling has struck so deep that there is even a certain spite against poor Columbus because he discovered America. Thus, the very ink looks green when the Times, in a burst of jealous sarcasm, declares that Mr. Depaw's oration "explains in detail the nature and extent of the debt which the world owes to its two greatest benefactors, to Columbus and to the United States."

Some Sarcasm for Dr. Depew. It thanks the orator in mock humility for his kind words for other persons and other countries "who can put forward no such claims upon the general gratitude of man-

With greatest diffidence the same journal suggests that Mr. Depew may not have been quite just in his historical revie w, and it apologizes for having attempted to estimate in some degree the vastness and significance of the coming exhibition, a task which Mr. Depew says demands a celestial intelligence.

Then comes the Daily Telegraph in a very palsy of envy, which it tries in vain to conceal. It solemnly compares our own Chauncey to Cicero in personal appearance, but affirms that the Latin orator must take a back seat after this. "To follow Mr. Depew in his daring career through the centuries with the historical conscience," it says, "would be to hitch criticism to a comet. He sweeps them all saide to come to Coumbus, and from Columbus to Chicago, At one stroke he crowds Chicago above Jerusalem, then Rome, and all our effete modern cities."

An Instruction That Means Blood. The complimentary allusion to England is resented and is met with the unkind suggestion that "nobody better than Mr. Depew could have told his fellow-countrymen of the social perils which menace their magnificent prosperity and of the vast and difficult civic questions which are slowly arising to try the solidity of their

Finally, with fine scorn, the disgruntled editor remarks that Mr. Depew was quite right in thinking that the occasion "precluded admonition, modesty or sober counsels," and the opinion is expressed that if Chicago cannot, with the aid of this wonderful speech, command success, it will be

strange indeed. The Americans in London are watching John Bull's resentful discomfiture with an amused magnanimity. That the critics of all creation should find themselves criticised, even by implication, rankles deep.

ROME TO HONOR COLUMBUS.

The Movement, to Which All Countries Will Contribute, a Catholic One.

ROME, Oct. 22.—In the world-wide movement to honor Columbus, the Eternal City is determined not to be outdone. The International Committee recently formed to secure the erection of a worthy monument to the great discoverer, report that they are receiving influential promises of support which guarantee the success of the enterprise. At a meeting yesterday, the com-mittee decided to issue a circular to all the existing Columbus committees in Europe and America, with a view to universal co-operation. It was also decided to especially invite Catholics throughout the world to

Another proposition favorably acted upon was to form purely Catholic committees for work among members of that faith. In fact the movement is mainly a Catholic one The Pope is taking a great interest in it, and, according to common report, the an-nouncement of the beatification of Columbus will be made concurrently with the unfor the memorial is such that the statue will face the Vatican. It is possible, however that this will be changed and the monument erected within the precincts of St. Peter's

A SUCCESSOR TO TENNYSON

Soon to Be Named by Gladstone, Whose Task Is No Small One.

[BY CABLE TO THE DISPATCH.1 LONDON, Oct. 22 .- The announcement of Tennyson's successor as the wearer of the laurel may be expected soon. The honorary post will be continued, because, as Wordsworth put it when accepting the laureate-ship, after having once declined the dis-tinction: "Expressed upon authority en-titled to the hignest respect, a sense of the national importance of poetic literature." Swinburne's name is far the most prominent in the consideration of competent judges It is urged against the criticisms of the straight-laced that he is no longer a poet of passion. As the Tones puts it, he is less luseious, and ranks with more of common humanity, and now decidedly "on the side

William Morris would have many and strong supporters had he not placed himself under a ban by allving himself with social-ism. Mr. Gladstone's task is in some sense the most embarrassing that could fall to a Prime Minister. He will probably make the selection within a few days.

When Neill-Cream Will Hang. LONDON, Oct. 22.-Thomas Neill, who was yesterday convicted in the Old Bailey of the murder of Matilda Clover, will probably be executed on November 8.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 22.-Heavy snow

of these trains is a special on which the Grand Duke Nicholas is traveling. Large gangs of men have been sent out to clear the road, and as it has stopped snowing, it is hoped the line will soon be open again.

NEILL'S POOR DEFENSE.

The Convicted Man Undoubtedly Insane-A Portion of the Blame for His Crime Placed on the Governor of Illinois for Pardoning Him Out of Joliet Prison. [BY CABLE TO THE DISPATCH.]

LONDON, Oct. 22.-No criminal case since the Jack-the-Ripper atrocities has aroused such universal interest as the trial of Neill, who was condemned yesterday and who will hang probably on Monday fortnight. His conviction was a foregone conclusion, but he was poorly defended. The only possible chance to save his neck was not availed of. It is an open question whether the wretch is sane, but the point was not seriously raised by his counsel. His detection was due to his own repeated acts of stupidity.

The motive, blackmail, was an absurd one in the manner in which it was mani-

one in the manner in which it was manifested. His letters sent to persons of good standing, accusing them of the murder of women they never saw, were turned over to the police as a matter of course, and the detectives regarded them as such palpable evidence of insanity on the part of the writer that, as they testified at the trial, they did not make more than a perfunctory inquiry about them. But this point was not urged on the prisoner's behalf. The defense contended itself with assailing the case of the prosecution at its strongest point,

fense contended itself with assailing the case of the prosecution at its strongest point, that of identification.

Of course the man was convicted. No more complete proof of guilt was ever oftered in a court of law. That the prisoner, in the face of overwhelming evidence, honestly expected to be acquitted is another indication of his abnormal mental condition. dication of his abnormal mental condition.

He was sanguine to the point of nonchalant indifference, down to the last hour of the trial. Then, in the midst of the Judge's charge, the conviction seemed suddenly to come upon him that he was a doomed man. The transformation in him was starting. He lost his listlessness and leaned forward He lost his listlessness and leaned forward over the rail of the dock with a face suddenly grown hasgard and white. Perspiration started from every pore and dripped from his chin upon his fingers, which gripped the bar. A few moments later he was seized with the malady which military men say is often the effect on soldiers, of great fear when about to go into battle. The proceedings were stopped while he was taken from the court room for a few moments.

number of Neill's victims. That he has killed 74 in London and three in America Governor of Illinois in pardoning Neill from the Joliet prison, where he was serving a life sentence, is in a sense responsible for four of these deaths. It is not improbable that there are other deaths, both in England and America supposed to have been natural but really due to the fiend's strychnine capsules. The execution will be private and nobody expects a confession.

A CRISIS POSTPONED.

M. Loubet's Task of Settling the Carman Strike an Unenviable One.

[BY CABLE TO THE DISPATCH.1 LONDON, Oct. 22.-The French Government has met and overcome, or rather postponed, the crisis raised by the Carmaux strike. M. Loubet has, in fact, but in-creased his embarrassment by undertaking o umpire the issues between the miner and their employers in that now famous struggle. There is no dispute as to facts. It is a question solely of motive on the part of the employing corporation.

The strikers say their leader, Calvignac,

was discharged because he was elected Mayor. The corporation officers say they dismissed him for neglect of duty. That he did neglect his duty to an outrageous extent is not denied. There is, therefore, really nothing to arbitrate and M. Loubet's collection is almost nitiful. If he decides dilemma is almost pitiful. If he decides for the company it will almost precipitate a socialistic uprising in France. If he decides for the strikers the whole influence of law and order and property interests of the nation will be turned against the Govern-

A GOOD HOLD ON UGANDA.

England Not Likely to Have to Give Up One of Her Possessions.

[BY CABLE TO THE DISPATCH.] LONDON, Oct. 22.-There is a prospect that England's hold upon Uganda will be maintained in 'one way or another. The appeal to the Government on behalf of commercial interests having met with a quasi refusal, the same request, based upon moral grounds, has had a more favorable re-

Lord Roseberry is plainly in favor of Lord Roseberry is plainly in favor of stopping short of actual evacuation of the territory, and, as Lord Roseberry's will in purely loreign affairs is really the will of the Cabinet, there is good reason for believing that the British flag will continue to wave in Ugands. It is quite probable, however, that the Government will prefer a direct control rather than continue to act through a corporate proxy.

ACTRESSES IN HARD LUCK.

Forbidden to Either Marry or Be Conne ed With a Public Scandal,

BY CABLE TO THE DISPATCH. 1 LONDON, Oct. 22.-The Organ of Womankind is protesting because one of the principal London theaters has introduced a new clause in all its contracts with actresses, viz : "The management may cancel the agreement of giving one week's notice if she marries without the acquiescence of the management."
Forbidding actresses to marry is de-

nounced as a high outrage, but none of the victims of prohibition have complained. Yet the same theater reserves the right to cancel the engagement of any actress whose nes associated with any public

WIPING OUT AN EMPIRE,

A New Coat of Arms in France That Come From the People,

[BY CABLE TO THE DISPATCH.]

LONDON, Oct. 22.—The French republic has been in search of a coat of arms. There has been a new crusade recently against all remaining insignia of the empire on public buildings, and even the letter "N" has been

everywhere effaced.

The emblem which has practically been decided upon is a tri-color background, bearing a liberty cap in the center, with the tokens of equality and fraternity and the grand cordon of the Legion of Honor flanked by flags, and the whole surmounted by an

English Justice Still a Farce.

IBY CABLE TO THE DISPATCH. LONDON, Oct. 22.-Tory magistrates con tinue to make English justice a subject for contempt and derision. A judge yester-day sentenced a man who pleaded guilty of stealing two pence from the till of a public house to four years' penal servitude. The other day a wretch who culminated a series of cruelties by crushing his wife's cheek-bone by a blow with a shovel got four months in the workhouse, and the punish-ment was regarded as exemplary.

A New Autograph Fad. [BY CABLE TO THE DISPATOR.] LONDON, Oct 22 - When the riders is

torms have prevailed in the Syzeran district, and railway communication is interrupted. The snow lies in heavy drifts along the line and several trains are stalled. One of these trains is a special on which the Grand Duke Nicholas is traveling. Large gangs of men have been sent out to clear the road, and as it has stopped anowing, it is hoped the line will soon be open again.

WORK FOR THE IDLE.

Attempts in London to Get Employment for the Thousands Who Are Now Loafing-

[BY CABLE TO THE DISPATCH.] LONDON, Oct. 22 .- The threatening cry of the unemployed in London has sounded loud above the diminished roar of trade this week. The crisis already indicated in this correspondence is fast becoming a paramount evil. Meetings are now held daily at Tower Hill, which is the popular forum until Mr. Asquith's decision gives back Trafalgar Square for that purpose next

Very violent language marks these gatherings of the idle. Their leaders declare that there are 90,000 in enforced idleness in the East End alone. The speakers announce that they are "now determined to fight," and that "the starving poor are about to ite."

There has been distinct inciting to revolt in Trafalgar Square on November 9. Revolution is an open cry of these people, half of whom are Anarchist leafers. Some of their meetings are not without violence. On Thursday a speaker debounced a man in the crowd as a spy who had betrayed the Walsall Anarchists. There was a rush for the fellow and cries of "Knife him!" He would hardly have escaped with his life had it not been for the presence of many policemen in plain elothes, who hustled the victim out of the way.

Resolutions passed by these meetings demand that the County Council shall furnish work. There will be a partial response to this demand, if possible. The There has been distinct inciting to revolt

sponse to this demand, if possible. The ough canvass of employers throughout London to learn those who are abel to give work, temporary or permanent, during the winter.

during the winter.

Another pitiful form of appeal is that the city shall supply food to the 40,000 children who go hungry to school every morning. The policy of social legislation which Joseph Chamberlain has announced is intended to make the labor leaders well disposed toward him. It is denied, however, that this unofficial announcement has any of the significance of certainty. Mr. Chamberlain is an avowed Socialist, and nothing is so abhorrent to the certainty. Mr. Chamberlain is an avowed Socialist, and nothing is so abhorrent to the Tory mind as any form of that heresy, so Mr. Chamberlain's declaration in favor of eight-hour laws and other pronounced measures is not to be taken as representative.

There is no denying, however, that Socialist schemes are being warmly fostered by the London County Council. That body is already committed to the purchase and operation of street railways and the construction of public works by direct em-

struction of street railways and the con-struction of public works by direct em-ployment of labor and purchase of materi-als instead of through contractors. It will probably soon undertake to supply coal as well as water, gas and electricity to the in-habitants. When all that has been done the steps are comparatively easy to the assumption of all the functions ascribed to government in Mr. Bellamy's scheme.

ALARWING INCREASE OF LUNACY.

Insanity May Be Made a Sufficient Cause

whom the law imposes the duty of sheltering and maintaining these unhappy oreatures. It is pretty generally believed that the increase is more apparent than real, being caused by a more careful registration and certification, and by the undeniable fact that, in this sanitary age, lunatics, being better fed, clothed and housed than in former times, naturally live longer.

But this comforting assurance is delusive in the light of official statistics, which show that the percentage of insance to the general in the light of official statistics, which show that the percentage of insane to the general population has steadily risen during the past ten years from 28.83 to 29.88 per 10,-000. A British medical journal suggests that lunsey should be a bar to matrimony and a legal cause for declaring a marriage null and void, if the fact that insanity of one of the contracting parties has been kept from the knowledge of the other.

A WOMAN'S WONDERFUL BIDE

She Covers 220 Miles of Mour

Country in 67 1-2 Hours. VIENNA, Oct. 22.-A remarkable feat of horsemanship has just been performed by a roman. This is a long-distance ride on orseback, which, considering the many difficulties encountered, and the rugged and mountainous nature of the country, was made in very good time. The equestrienne is Miss Tomasson, a young English woman. The start was made from Innsbruck. Thence she rode to the town of Betson, at the confluence of the Talfer and Eisach, 35 miles from Trent. Passing through Betson she proceeded to St. Valentine and thence to Landeck, in Prussian Silesia, at which Landeck, in Prussian Silesia, at which point half her journey was accomplished.

Miss Tomasson then retraced her route, returning to Innsbruck by the same road, which she followed on the first half of her ride. She reached the goal in comparatively good condition, and her arrival was greeted by a large crowd of admirers, who enthusiastically showered her with praise. The entire distance ridden over by Miss Tomasson, was 220 miles, and was covered in the surprisingly short time of 67% hours. She rode the same horse throughout her journey. The task was made more noteworthy by the fact that Miss Tomasson had not previously undergone any training.

AWOKE IN THE WATER.

A Johnstown Calamity in Miniature Hap-pens to a Sardinian Town.

CAGLIARI, SARDINIA, Oct. 22.-A most appalling calamity has betallen the village of San Sperate, a short distance from this city. It is estimated that not less than 200 of the villagers have been drowned. The flood swept through the village with sud-den fury, and in a moment the streets beden tury, and in a moment the streets be-came rivers that carried everything before them. Houses were lifted from their foundations and whirled through the streets like corks. Their occupants did not have an opportunity to attempt to save them-

Many of them were asleep when the tor-Many of them were asseep when the tor-rent came, and they were awakened only to find themselves in the water. Men, women and children were drowned before an effort could be made to save them. Half the houses in the villages were swept away.

London's Reverend Villain Sentenced. LONDON, Oct. 22. - Rev. Canon Robert Baynes, who was arrested in August on the charge of assaulting a girl named Miriam Louisa Cogswell, aged 10, was to-day found guilty and sentenced to 18 months' imprisonment. Rev. Mr. Baynes is an honorary canon of the Church of England.

The Jaffa-Jerusalem Road a Success. IBY CABLE TO THE DISPATCH.] LONDON, Oct. 22.—The new railway between Jaffa and Jerusalem is already well patronized. The cars are of the latest American build. Only a low speed is attempted, and, with six way stops, the journey occupies about three hours.

PREACHERS AND SALOONKEEPERS

Have Their Influence and They're Always Open to Inducements.

PARTIES MIGHT AGREE NOT TO SPEND

[CORRESPONDENCE OF THE DISPATCH. COLUMBUS, O., Oct. 22. - Secretary Charles Foster, of the Treasury Department, who is now devoting himself to the interests of his party in this State is commonly considered the best politician in President Harrison's Cabinet. Perhaps it would be a stand-off, however, between him and Secretary Elkins. Mr. Foster has been six times a candidate for Congress before the people of Ohio and twice a candidate for Governor. And there is probably no better school of politics than the State of Ohio, where there is an election every year, and where, though the Republican party lways gets the electors in a national contest, there is still a chance of Democratic

uccess for the local ticket. Mr. Foster has had not only local but na tional experience in politics. Only recently he furnished one-half the money necessary to carry on the campaign of Kolb for Governor of Alabama, which nearly re-sulted in the overthrow of the Democracy in that State. Mr. Foster is a practical oney in political contests.

The Use of Money in Politics. As he sat in the Chittenden lobby smok ing I put these questions to him:
"What are the legitimate expenses of

of the great parties?"

Doubtful Voters Come High. "Then a list of doubtful voters is made

up, and they may aggregate 10,000 or 20,000 in a campaign. Each of these must be worked upon by sending him campaign literature or by sending someone to talk to

has great influence with his race and who wants to be paid to go around and make speeches. And then there is the Irishman who can influence the Irish, and the Swede

Money Blown Into Saloon Tills.

church in that. And it does help a man to cultivate the church.

"In 1874 the Republican party got pretty nearly as bad a set-back as it got in 1890. We had 88 members in the House. I believe that this Congress has 90, but there are more members of the House now. I was elected to the House from my district by 159 majority. The district went for the Democratio State ticket by 1,600. During the canvass there was a Catholic bazsar in my town, and my opponent and I were asked to attend and contribute to the charities. I did not go. Neither did my opponent. But my partner, who was a good Catholic, went and subscribed \$100 in my name. My opponent was stingy, and he gave nothing. If I had thought that he was not going to give anything, I think that I would not have let my partner do so. I let him do it just because I thought the other man would. Well, sir, that \$100 elected me. I ran away ahead of my ticket on the Catholic vote.

Money Spent in Ohio Politics.

Money Spent in Ohio Politics.

So Much Expenditure Unnec



Secretary Foster Tells Where the Money Does the Most Good.

political campaign? What makes it so costly to the candidates and to those who are interested in the success of one or other

"There is a great difference in the minds of people as to what is a legitimate use of loubt. There is the printing of the tickets, the printing of speeches for circulation, the advertising of the ticket in newspapers. Then you take the work of canvassing. In our own State, Ohio, there are 2,600 voting precincts. A regular canvass is made of every one of these before the election, and poll of the voters is made. The record shows the politics of each man, whether he is doubtful or not, and if he is doubtful, gives some reason why or suggests how he can be approached. There must be books for this canvass; then other larger books in which this information is copied by townships; then other books in which all of the material is collated for the use of the State Committee. All of this requires a large amount of stationery and a great deal of clarical labor.

A Condemned Prisoner Can't Be Execu

Insanity May Be Made a Sufficient Cause for Divorce.

INY CABLE TO THE DISPATCH.]

LONDON, Oct. 22.—The increase of lunacy in this country—or, to speak more correctly, the increase in the number of persons certified as insane—is said to be causing a good deal of worry to local authorities throughout the country, upon whom the law imposes the duty of labeliance of labeliance of the law imposes the duty of labeliance of who can influence the Irish, and the Swede and the Pole, and then there is the Catholic and the Lutheran and, yes, the Methodist, too. On election day you must pay for carriages at the polls and nowadays the farmer is greedy and wants to be paid for bringing voters in. Then a good deal of money goes to the saloon-keepers. There are always around every saloon some four or five fellows who don't care how they vote and the saloon-keeper can usually vote them. He comes to the Republican committee, perhaps, and says: 'I don't like the way the Democrats have been treating me. Now if you people will give me \$10 or \$15 or \$25 I'll vote these fellows for the Republican ticket.'

"The money is given to him ostensibly to buy drinks in honor of the candidate. In reality it goes down into the saloon till.

reality it goes down into the saloon till.

That does not sound very well, perhaps, but when you get into politics you find that everyone is doing the same thing and your conscience is likely to be blunted after a time. I've been approached in almost every campaign by churches and asked to subscribe to funds on the assurance that it would help me politically. I don't see much difference between the saloon and the church in that. And it does help a man to church in that. And it does help a man to

Money Spent in Ohio Politics.

"There are many expenses which the local politicians bear, such as the uniforming of political clubs, the purchase of banners, the hiring of brass bands. Very little, if any, of this expense is borne by the State Committee. But for that matter the State Committee handles a very small proportion of the whole campaign fund. In Ohio, for example, the State Committee usually has about \$20,000 or \$30,000, but I suppose that between \$200,000 and \$300,000 is spent during the campaign. There are 15 candidates for Congress, and each of them will spend not less than \$2,500. This is \$37,500. Then there are six local candidates in each of the 88 districts in the State. Each of them will spend not less than \$100. There is \$52,800.

"Then there are the local funds raised. In my own little town of 7,000 inhabitants, for example, they have raised \$500 for this campaign. They get that by each fellow putting up \$25 or \$30. They will use that money to hire the brass band occasionally, to rent the opera house for a meeting now and then, and so forth. When the local people get to organizing clubs and having parades you get out the vote and you have a lively campaign. When you get man so interested that they go to their employes and their friends and say "I want you to vote with us this time as a personal favor to me," you get a lively campaign. The present campaign has not been very active anywhere."

I asked Mr. Foster how much it took to run a national campaign.

"The amount spent on the last national campaign," he said, "was not far short of \$1,000,000. They sent \$100,000 into Indiana—or perhaps \$200,000. The committees



won't have so much to spend in this campaign, I think."
"Is the use of this money a necessity?"

"The party that did not have it would be certain to be beaten," Mr. Foster replied.
"But if the use of money was entirely

"The result would be about the same, The money which is used by one party now about counterbalances the effect of the money used by the other. Still, since one party uses it, the other must."

"Are the committees complaining of a lack of funds this year?"

"I never knew the time when they were not," said Secretary Foster. "In all my experience there is nothing so empty as a campaign treasury. It always needs more money."

MURDERERS RETURN TOO SOON.

They Had Whitecapped a Tramp to Deat

and Laid Low for a While. NORRISTOWN, Oct. 22.-Alfred Schneck and Oliver Schneck, laborers of Sumneytown, were arrested to-day on warrants charging them with the murder of Lucas money in a political contest," said Mr. charging them with the murder of Lucas
Foster. "About some matters there is no Smith, a tramp well known in the upper end of this county. Several weeks ago Smith, after indulging in a protracted spree, slept in the haymow of the notel at Sumneytown. That night, it is alleged, the Schnecks entered the barn, dressed in sheets

sonnecks entered the barn, dressed in sheets and white caps, and beat and kicked Smith into insensibility. On the morning of October 14 he was found dead in bed.

The attending physician attributed death to apoplexy, and the remains were given a respectable burial last Sunday. By that time rumors of the brutal assault of the Schnecks began to spread and both disan-Schnecks began to spread and both disappeared. The matter seemed to have quieted down, and they returned to their homes, when their arrest followed.

RESULTS OF A LEGISLATIVE MIX.

Till Matters Are Straightened. NEW HAVEN, Oct. 22,-The legislative muddle which has existed in this State for the past two years will undoubtedly cause Angelo Petrillo, confined in the New Haven county jail, awaiting execution for the murder of his brother-in-law, to be reprieved until after the next Legislature has

Unlike most States the Governor of Connecticut has no power of pardoning connecticit has be powered by patching criminals, that privilege being vested in the Legislative body alone; and as the General Assembly has not met to transact business since the murderer was sentenced, he there-

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PRICES THE LOWEST .-

TERMS THE EASIEST.

QUALITIES THE BEST.

fore, not having had the opportunity of applying for a pardon, which the statutes of Connecticut allow criminals condemned to death, Petrillo cannot be legally executed.

A FATAL GAS PIPE.

Being Used to Fire Salutes, It Exploded and Killed a Dozen People. LOS ANGELES, CAL., Oct. 22.-A frightful explosion attended the Columbus Day celebration at this place last night. A large number of people, including many children, had crowded around the spot where prep-

arations were being made to explode a piece of 6-inch gas pipe loaded with powder. The contrivance exploded prematurely. Seven persons were killed outright or received injuries from which they died soon afterwards. Besides those it is believed that at least five others were fatally injured, and a num-ber of others were seriously hurt. The fol-lowing were among the victims:

Two little daughters of Theodore Rapp, instantly killed; Herman Bammet, right leg amputated, will die; Antonio Righetto, leg torn off, dead: Ed Griffiths, flosh torn from leg; Mike Cullan, right arm fractured; R. Bunker, injuries that may prove fatal; H. J. Lloyd, left leg shattered, may recover; Victor Cassino, Italian, leg torn from his body,

The dead, as far as known at present, are: Frank Ford, aged 14 years; Agrita Cohen, aged 8; Louis Oden, 12; Antonio Righetto, Victor Cassino and the two daughters of Theodore Rapp.

A LAW ABOUT EVICTIONS One of the Possibilities of the Coming Session of Parliament

[BY CABLE TO THE DISPATCH. 1

LONDON, Oct. 22.-The Royal Commis sion to inquire into the position of evicted tenants is busily preparing for work. The landlords profess to distrust its impartiality and to doubt its utility, but they have wisely abandoned their orginal intention of refusing to give evidence before it.

The report of this commission will be ready by the opening of Parliament, and if it should be considered necessary a bill based upon its recommendations will be in-troduced immediately and passed into a law with all possible speed.

BURIED WITHOUT CEREMONY.

carries her contempt of religious ceremonies

Free-Thinking Frenchmen Carry Their Ideas to the Extremest Point. (BT CABLE TO THE DISPATCE. 1 LONDON, Oct. 22. - Free-thinking France

18,000 FRENCH PEOPLE SWINDLED By One Family Through Matrimonial and Natural Child Advertisements.

PARIS, Oct. 22,-A. M. Beauvais, his wife and son, were sentenced to-day to one year's imprisonment each for having defrauded a wast number of persons through a matri-monial bureau and by the "natural child" rick. The amount obtained by the family fraudulently is in the hundreds of thousands. The Beauvais family is the most enterprising gang of matrimonial swindlers on he continent. More than 4,000 persons who have been defrauded by them complained to the Paris police, and 12,000 or 15,000 more are believed to have swallowed their cha-grin and their losses without protest. The method of M. Beauvais was to ad-

The method of M. Beauvais was to advertise in a popular newspaper that "A young orphan possessing 500,000 franes would marry a serious gentleman. Apply to H. C. Poste Restante, Lyons." The son of Beauvais acted independently. He invented the "natural child" trick, which was to promise by advertisement 200 francs a month for the board of a natural child plus 25,000 francs when the child reached its majority. All information was to be sent in exchange for 10 francs. Of course, sent in exchange for 10 francs. Of course, when people sent 10 francs they never heard any more about the "natural child." The number of dupes made by this young man may be judged from the fact that when the police arrested him 600 letters, half of which number contained 10 francs, were awaiting him at the post office.

SICKLES IS INELIGIBLE As a Congressman While on the Retired

List of the U. S. Army. WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—Henry H. Smith, an authority on matters of parliamentary law, has made examination of laws and proceedings of Congress relating to the ques-tion of the eligibility to Congress of retired army officers. He finds the question it its present form a new and unprecedented one, though there a new and unprecedented one, though there have been some cases of a correlative character. He says that it has never been claimed but once in the history of our Government that under the clause of the Constitution making each House of Congress the judge of the qualifications of its own members the House of Representatives, acting alone, had power to add to or change the qualifications of its members. That attempt, made in the Tenth members. That attempt, made in the Tenth Congress, in the case of Barney versus McCreery, resulted in such a signal failure that it has never been repeated.

As a result of his examination, Mr. Smith concludes that General Sickles, while on the retired list of the army, is ineligible to election to Congress.

SOHMER PIANOS_SOHMER PIANOS,

Colby, Hallett & Cumston, Schubert Plano Bush & Gert's Planos, Erle Pianos. The standard American pianos. Unequaled in tone, touch, finish and durability. For sale at reasonable prices and easy terms by J. M. Hoffmann & Co., 537 Smithfield street.

"LUZLLA PLACE."-Low prices now. See Piper & Clark, 131 Fourth avenue. WE offer for one day only (Monday, October 24) aspecial lot of Wright's fleece-lined underwear at 75% regular price \$1 25.
Corner Smithfield and Diamond streets,

.The like of which before has never been attempted

JUST STOP AND THINK OF IT.

414-WOOD ST.-414

IN PARLOR FURNITURE

LARGEST ASSORTMENT. BEST TREATMENT. SQUAREST DEALING.

SOLID OAK TAPESTRY SUIT



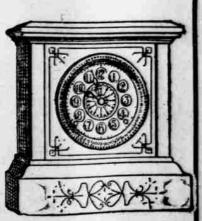
SEE OUR \$24 PARLOR SUIT WORTH \$35. SEE OUR \$30 PARLOR SUIT......WORTH \$45. SEE OUR \$35 PARLOR SUIT......WORTH \$50.

SEE OUR \$50 RUG SUIT......WORTH \$75. SELL THESE GOODS WE MUST.

YOU CAN MAKE THE TERMS.

WE MUST HAVE THE ROOM.

With every credit sale on which a \$12 payment is made, one of these beautiful Ebony Half-Hour-Strike Cathedral Gong 8-day Clocks, worth \$10. Don't torget to attend this great sale, will be money in your pocket.



HOUSEHOLD CREDIT CO.

414—WOOD STREET—414

PITTSBURG'S LEADING CASH AND CREDIT HOUSE.

to interesting extremes. Civic funerals are everywhere the order of the day. The Deputy Mayor of Verdun has gained notoriety by the laconic simplicity with which he committed to earth the remains of a fellow citizen the other day.

Stepping to the side of the coffin by the open grave he uncovered his head and, facing the assembled mourners, said: "Citizen Morin, in the name of the law we bury you." Then the grave-diggers did their work.

Both Sides Prepared for a Long and Petermined Fattle. NO BLOODSHED IS NOW ANTICIPATED

[BY CABLE TO THE DISPATCH.] LONDON, Oct. 22 - [Copyright] - What promises to be the greatest strike in all his-tory, growing out of the Lancashire cotton trade troubles, is now apparently inevitable. On November 8 60,000 operatives will leave their looms and 16,000,000 or 17,000,-000 spindles will become silent.

The issue has been described, but it can be restated in a word. The manufacturers insist on a 5 per cent reduction in wages, The operatives admit that the market is so unfavorable that their employers are in some difficulties, and they offer to submit to some reduction in hours and a corresponding reduction in pay. They will not accept less money for present services. Efforts to reach an agreement have been long continued, but they are now

Never was a labor battle so carefully pre-Never was a labor battle so carefully pre-pared for and with both sides so thoroughly equipped and organized. The operatives have the strongest and wealthiest organization in the world. Their re-sources are so great that they can remain idle for several weeks without actual suffering. For the first time in Engactual suffering. For the first time in England the employers are also in a compact and well-disciplined body, holding the control of half the spindles in the whole cotton trade. They will really gain strength from a certain term of non-production, so the struggle, from the present outlook, has no terrors for them. A few mills in the combination will probably pay the fine which the rules of the Master Cotton Spinners' Federation impose on its members and delay the enforcement of the reduction for some little forcement of the reduction for some little time after November 8.

The battle will probably be a bloodless

one for a long time. At least, the opera-tives are intelligent and they have shown no bitterness in the dispute. Thus far in most of the cities and towns which are afmost of the cities and towns which are arfected the cotton mills furnish almost the
sole local industry. There will, therefore,
be a clear field for a great, well-balanced
campaign which cannot fail to command
the attention and interest of all the world.

WEAVER DEFENDS MRS. LEASE.

He Is Positive She Has Done Nothing to

Harm the People's Party. ST. PAUL, Oct. 22.-General Weaver, People's party Presidental candidate, passed through this city this afternoon, en route to Duluth, where he spoke to-night. He gave out the following statement:

The statement sent out from Indianapolis The statement sent out from Indianapolis and elsewhere that strong grounds exist for believing that Mrs. Lease is lending assistance to the Republicans is a gross slander, and is both cowardly and contemptible. She accompanied Mrs. Weaver and myself through the West and South, greatly against her own wishes and at a financial loss, as I personally know. Her work in all sections has been a brilliant success. She has neither done nor said anything which warrants the least criticism whatever, and I denounce the attacks made upon her as the work of those who ape in the pay of the enemy. Certainly ne friend could desire to sow discord and distrust in the remnant of the campaign.

J. B. Weaver.

Cough Syrup. Keep it always in the house.